

in association with Serbian Society of Microbiology

**30 June - 2 July** 

2022 • Serbia

# ELECTRONIC ABSTRACT BOOK



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We thank the pharmaceutical, lab and biomedical industry partners from Serbia, the South East Europe region and worldwide for their recognition of the importance of the event, their participation and their support.

We hope that you enjoyed the content and all the other aspects of the Conference. If you missed anything, you can catch up by watching the recordings, presentations or have a detailed look at the posters.

We warmly wish you health, love and happiness and are looking forward to the new encounters, coming up next: FEMS 2023 Congress in Hamburg, FEMS 2024 Conference in Tallinn and numerous events of the SSM in Serbia and South East Europe region.

### Sincerely · · · · ·



Hilay hoppi-Scott

Prof. Hilary Lappin-Scott
Scientific Committee Chairperson,
FFMS President



Blisasecup

**Prof. Vaso Taleski**Organizing Committee Chairperson,
FEMS Director of Events and Internationalization



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**Prof. Dragojlo Obradović** Scientific Committee Co-Chairperson, President of Serbian Society of Microbiology



Noty Paren

**Prof. Lazar Ranin**Organizing Committee Co-Chairperson,
Vice-President of Serbian Society of Microbiology



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Scientific Committee Co-Chairperson, President of Serbian Society of Microbiology

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# 421 / COMPARATIVE IN VITRO EVALUATION OF GENOTOXIC POTENTIAL OF THE DANUBE RIVER WATER EXTRACTS IN PROKARYOTIC AND EUKARYOTIC ASSAYS

06

Keywords: genotoxicity, Danube River, SOS/umUC, zebrafish

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### **BACKGROUND**

Prokaryotic assays are of great interest in eco/geno-toxicology as they are short-term, simple and cost effective. Application of strains of Salmonella typhimurium with modifications such as increased cell wall permeability and lack of excision repair system is common for the detection of genotoxicity. Various eukaryotic models have been developed lately, such as fish derived cell lines, which can mimic the response of the aquatic organisms. Considering different level of cell organization among these models, difference in sensitivity is expected, yet only few studies address this topic.

### **OBJECTIVES**

The major objective was to investigate genotoxic potential of extracts of surface water of the Danube and to compare the results obtained in applied prokaryotic and eukaryotic models.



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### **METHODS**

Surface water samples from 24 sites along the Danube River were extracted by LVSPE Horizon sampler providing relative enrichment factor (REF) of the extracts of 25,000x. For representative prokaryotic model the SOS/umuC assay with S. typhimurium TA1535/pSK1002 was used. Eukaryotic model comprised assessment of cytotoxicity by MTS test and assessment of genotoxicity by comet assay in ZFL (ZebraFish Liver) cells.

### **RESULTS**

While none of the tested samples has induced SOS response, the result of MTS assay indicated that 11 of 24 samples were cytotoxic. In comet assay, genotoxic potential was found in 9 of 24 samples. Results indicated higher sensitivity of used eukaryotic model in comparison with prokaryotic. Applied prokaryotic assay is often suggested to be used as prescreening tool in diagnostics of genotoxic potential which by our opinion could be misleading.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS/REFERENCES**

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