

Medical University Plovdiv



University of Plovdiv "Paisii Hilendarski"

# INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ONE HEALTH AND ZOOLOGY

PROGRAM & ABSTRACTS

September 27–29, 2023 Hissarya, Bulgaria

International Conference One Health and Zoology *Program & Abstracts* September 27–29, 2023 Hissarya, Bulgaria

Published by Medical University of Plovdiv, University Publishing Center

### Committees

#### **Organizing Committee**

Assoc. Prof. Dr. **Angel Kunchev**, MD, *Ministry of Health, Republic of Bulgaria* Prof. DSc **Iva Christova**, *National Center of Infectious and Parasitic Diseases* Prof. DSc **Boyko Georgiev**, *Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS* Prof. Dr. **Yordanka Stoilova**, MD, *Medical University of Plovdiv* Prof. Dr. **Ani Kevorkyan**, MD, *Medical University of Plovdiv* Assoc. Prof. Dr. **Silvia Bino**, MD, *Control of Infectious Diseases Department, Institute of Public Health, Albania* Prof. DSc **Nikola Sabev**, *"Angel Kanchev" University of Ruse* Dr. **Svetlozar Patarinski**, *Bulgarian Food Safety Agency* Assoc. Prof. Dr. **Hristo Dimitrov**, *University of Plovdiv* Chief Assist. Prof. Dr. **Vesela Mitkovska**, *University of Plovdiv* Chief Assist. Prof. Dr. **Miroslav Antov**, *University of Plovdiv* 

#### Support team

Assoc. Prof. Dr. **Peter Boyadzhiev**, University of Plovdiv **Ivanka Popova**, University of Plovdiv

#### **Scientific Committee**

Prof. DSc Boyko Georgiev, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Prof. DSc Paraskeva Mihaylova, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Prof. DSc Georgi Markov, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Prof. DSc Iva Christova, National Center of Infectious and Parasitic Diseases Prof. Dr. Yordanka Stoilova, MD, Medical University Plovdiv Prof. Dr. Ani Kevorkyan, MD, Medical University of Plovdiv Prof. Dr. Snezhana Grozeva, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Prof. Dr. Roumiana Metcheva, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Prof. DSc Evgeniya Ivanova, University of Plovdiv Prof. Dr. Teodora Staykova, University of Plovdiv Assoc. Prof. Dr. Tsenka Chassovnikarova. Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Assoc. Prof. Dr. Michaela Nedialkova, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Research, BAS Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hristo Dimitrov, University of Plovdiv Assoc. Prof. Dr. Anelia Stojanova, University of Plovdiv

## First record of Heligmosomoides neopolygyrus in Serbia

<u>Božana Tošić<sup>1,\*</sup></u>, Borislav Čabrilo<sup>1</sup>, Milan Miljević<sup>2</sup>, Olivera Bjelić-Čabrilo<sup>1</sup>, Branka Bajić<sup>2</sup>, Marija Rajičić<sup>2</sup>, Ivana Budinski<sup>2</sup>, Jelena Blagojević<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> University of Novi Sad, Faculty of Sciences, Department of Biology and Ecology, Trg Dositeja Obradovića 2, 21000 Novi Sad, Serbia
- <sup>2</sup> Department of Genetic Research, Institute for Biological Research "Siniša Stanković" – National Institute of Republic of Serbia, University of Belgrade, Bulevar despota Stefana 142, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia
- \* Corresponding author: Božana Tošić, e-mail: bozana.tosic@dbe.uns.ac.rs

**ABSTRACT:** Heligmosomoides nematodes are frequent intestinal parasites of rodents, primarily mice and voles. The common species *H. polygyrus* is closely related to the highly prevalent nematodes infecting humans. It is assumed that the Asian species H. neopolygyrus arrived in Europe with its host Apodemus agrarius, and the presence of this nematode was first recorded in a striped field mouse in Poland in 2014. We present a preliminary report of two A. agrarius from the Special Nature Reserve Koviljsko-petrovaradinski rit and Kameničko Island in Serbia, which were found to be infected with *H. neopolygyrus*. Current research is based on phylogenetic analyses of cyt b sequences of Heligmosomoides isolated from Apodemus species. Preliminary results showed clustering of sequences isolates from A. agrarius from this study with those of H. neopolygyrus from A. agrarius from Poland, but also with H. polygyrus from A. agrarius (Poland) and A. uralensis (Russia). Due to the great morphological similarities of H. polygyrus and *H. neopolygyrus*, some specimens may have previously been misidentified as *H. polygyrus*, which is why the presence of *H. neopolygyrus* on the European continent was only recently established. The most significant morphological difference between the two species is seen in the proximal section of external dorsal rays of the male's copulatory bursa, which is filiform in *H. neopolygyrus* and swollen in *H. polygyrus*. The use of molecular markers may overcome the problems of morphological misidentification in the future. Considering the biology and ecology of other Apodemus species, as well as voles, the presence of *H. neopolygyrus* can be expected in these hosts as well.

Key words: heligmosomids, cryptic species, striped field mouse, molecular analysis, morphology

**Acknowledgements:** The authors gratefully acknowledge the financial support of the Ministry of Science, Technological Development and Innovation of the Republic of Serbia (Grant No. 451-03-47/2023-01/200125).